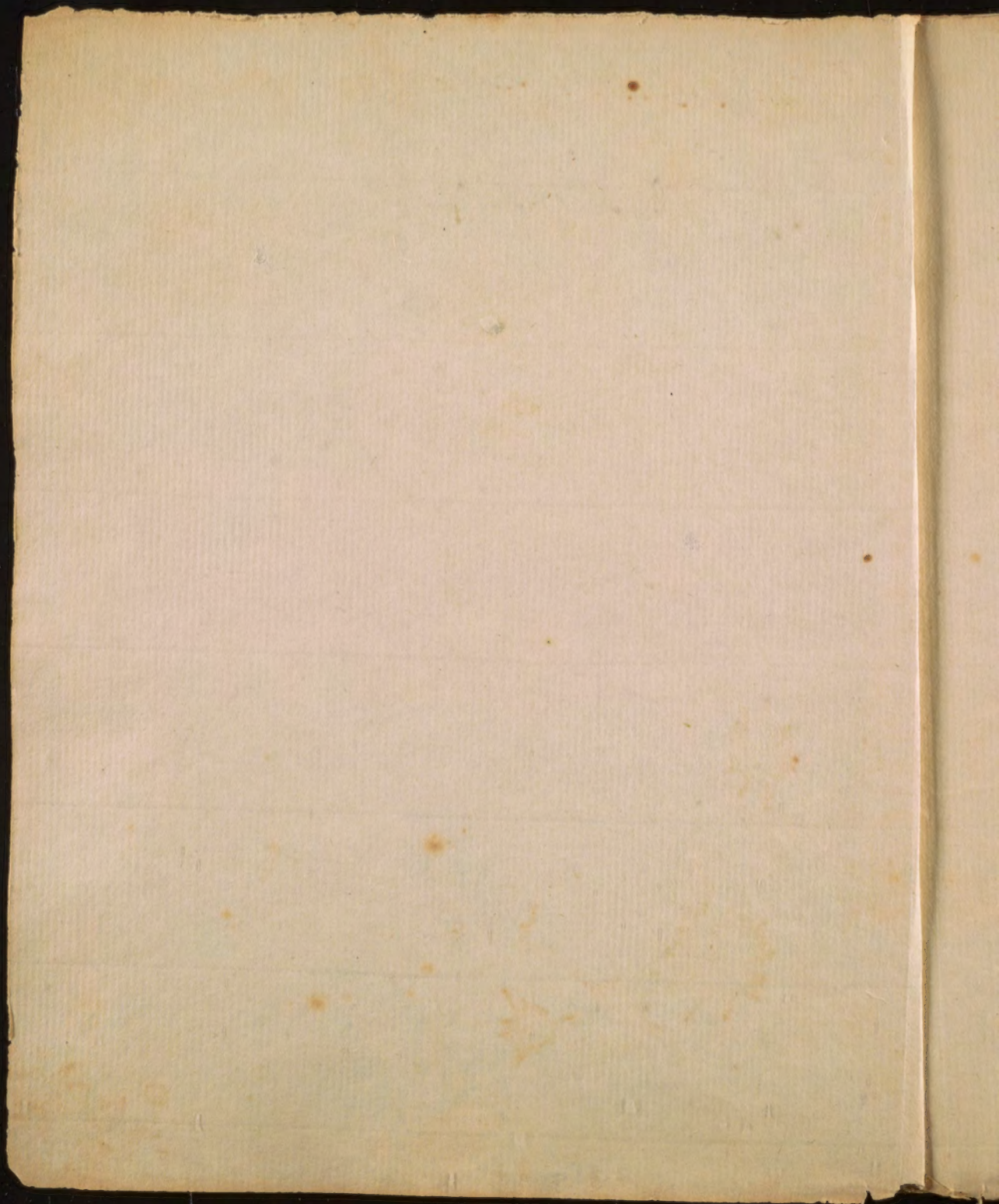


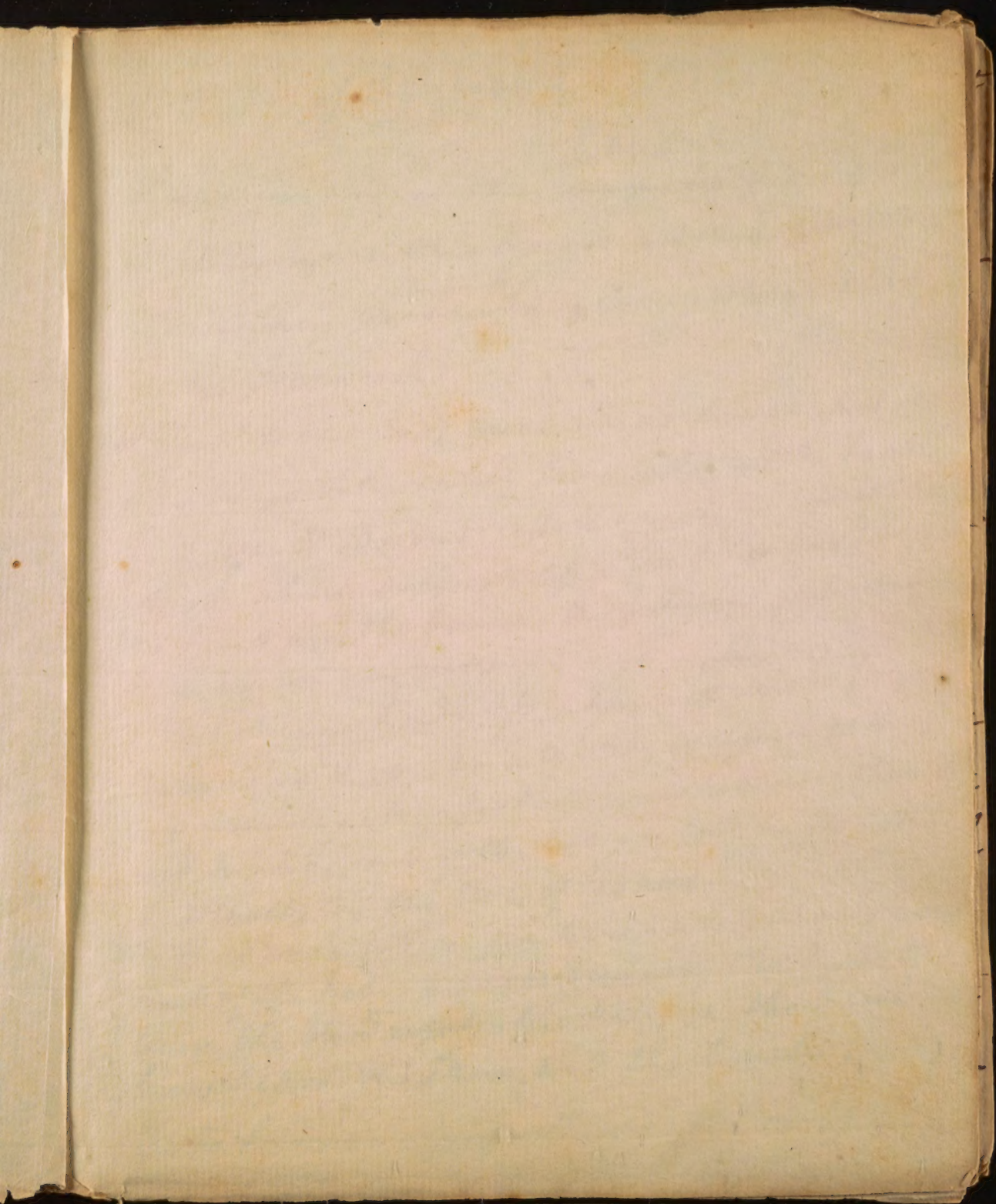
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Papers.

Dyspepsia.





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of Dyspepsia

I shall introduce the ^{lecture} ~~remarks~~ I purpose
to deliver upon this disease with a few pre-
liminary ^{remarks} ~~statements~~ upon its seat that
is the stomach.

1 This Viscus is of great importance, and its
functions intimately connected with health
and life. Dr Borden calls it one of the feet of the
tripod which supports life. ^{The} Other two feet are
the heart and the brain. The following facts relative
to it deserve our notice.

1 Its extreme hardiness - hence it ^{often} ~~resists~~ ^{resists} for years
the violence that is done to it by excess in eating
and drinking, long fasting, unwholesome stimulants,
and drinks, - and both, hot or cold in the extreme,
and lastly by the use of tobacco.

2 The Stomach sympathizes with nearly every
part of the body, and particularly the head, the
liver, the blood vessels, the kidneys, the nerves, the
lymphatics, the Skin and the limbs.

3 The Stomach sympathizes extensively with

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the mind. ~~according to~~ Talents & virtues
 are greatly influenced by it. Poets and Philo-
 sophers write and think ^{well or ill,} according to the
 greater fullness or emptiness of their stomachs,
 each of which is regulated by the greater
 natural depression, or elevation of the
 excitement of their system. Courage is
 intimately connected with the different
 states of the stomach, & ~~this is~~ these states
 are different in different nations - hence
 the Duke of Malborough once said, if he
 were to fight a battle for the empire of the
 world, with an army composed of British
 subjects, he would choose Irishmen Drunk,
 Englishmen - with full & freshmen with
 empty stomachs. In favour of the in-
 fluence of the stomach upon courage

[Faint, illegible handwriting in cursive script, likely a letter or manuscript page.]

[Faint, illegible handwriting visible on the right edge of the page, possibly from the reverse side or an adjacent page.]

³
~~Lord~~ ^{Lord} Chesterfield adds further, that a vorac-
acious breakfast with a sunny morning
has often made heroes, and decided the
fate of many battles. The ~~temper~~ stomach
influences the temper. This is gene-
rally admitted in Portugal that when a
man is quarrelsome in company
he is said "to have drunk bad wine."

The Archdeacon of great learning
formerly of this City was uniformly
pensive in a morning until he had
eaten his breakfast. Cardinal de Ritz
^{was} ~~was~~ so perfectly satisfied of the influence of
the state of the stomach upon the temper
that he advises never to make a motion
ⁱⁿ ~~in~~ a popular assembly just before din-
ner, ~~but~~ ~~at~~ a time when hunger

v The Discharge of Wind from the Stomach
has often rendered a ^{down and a} silent man, pleasant
& facetious in company. even

renders men incapable of ~~any~~ debate
 & judgement. no wonder Van Helmont
 places the soul in the stomach, since we
 thus see it determines not only the issue
 of battles, but the councils & fate of nati-
 =ons. Again, ^vCharity^{itself} is influenced by the
 state of the stomach - hence the ~~propose~~
~~the most~~ largest & most numerous
~~of essays~~ about Subscriptions ~~see~~
 to ~~public~~ charitable objects are generally
 obtained after dinner. I ~~have not been~~
 able to ~~determine~~ ^{ascertain} ~~whether~~ ^{whether} the Perhaps
~~that~~ a request for the hand of a lady
 might be more readily granted under the
 same circumstance of a well toned sto-
 mach. —

4 The healthy state of the stomach is not
 only connected with the health of the whole

bring this in - next year after meeting
with the ~~de~~
[B] Van Helmont was so struck with
the wonderful properties of the stomach,
that he considered it as the Seat of the Soul.
While ~~stating this~~ we reject the absurdity
of this Opinion, we cannot help being
struck with the following ^{marks} ~~properties~~ in
the stomach of intelligence, or of properties
which belong to the mind more especially
in its deranged or diseased state. ^{Does} Is the
mind ~~second~~ ^{second} ~~possess~~ an ability to retain more
ideas than it can combine or apply? so
the stomach ~~possesses~~ the same ability to
retain more food than it can digest or
convert into nourishment. ^{Is} Does the mind
so diseased as not to be able to retain know-
-ledge? we observe the stomach to be equally
incapable of retaining Aliment. Does the
mind possess the power of appropriating ideas

body, and the exercise of talents & virtues, but
 with ~~long~~ longevity. I have never met
 with a ~~very~~ very old man, ~~who~~ who
 had laboured under the disease now under
 consideration, and were I to open an in-
 surance office for lives, one of the first
 questions I would ask should be whether
~~he had ever~~ ^{he had ever} been much afflicted
 with a diseased stomach. In a word it is
 to the whole body what the main spring is
 to a watch. all its movements depend upon
 it, ~~and most of the chronic~~ ^{It is the flag of health, when sound, & it is}
 to most of the chronic diseases of the human
 body. ~~V V~~

✓ After these preliminary remarks, I
 proceed to mention, that Dyspepsia is
 produced by causes which act directly

The Stomach possesses the same associating power over motions with nearly every part of the body. Is the resentment excited by an injury disproportioned to that injury, - the equally disproportioned, is a vomiting continued for 24 - when excited by a disagreeable ~~small~~ portion of aliment disagreeable from idiosyncrasy, to the stomach. Has the mind a selecting power in its pleasures - Studies & companions? The Stomach has the same selecting power in its aliments. Does the mind suffer from the want of ^{constant} employment? So I shall say presently does the Stomach. Is there an inordinate love of books? men who possess it are called *lectuores librorum* - we see something analogous to the it in canine appetite for food. Is the mind

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Having premised these preliminary remarks
I shall now mention the symptoms of Dys-
pepsia as they appear in the stomach &
in the whole system.

The symptoms of Dyspepsia in the stomach
are a burning, or uneasy sensation in the
stomach, oppression after eating, flatulency,
sour eructations, pain the stomach called
by Dr Cullen Gastralgia, heart burn from
an acid humor in the stomach, Anorexia
or want of appetite, or great appetite with-
out digestion, or digestion without appetite,
water brash, ~~and~~ that is a spontaneous dis-
charge of a limpid viscid humor from
the stomach from its retrograde action,
called by Dr Cullen Cardialgia Spulatoria, Costive-
ness, and occasionally a perverted appetite
for sand, coals, lime, feathers & putrid
animal food. This appetite for putrid ani-
mal food is so intense, that the negroes

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who are affected with it in this parvicola
we are told dig up dead & putrid animals
to devour them. There was an instance of
this perverted appetite in a black man some
years ago at Bristol in this plate.

Many of these symptoms continue
for years without affecting the general
health of the body. In this case it is a local
disease, but it ^{is} more generally ~~affecting~~
connected with disease in other parts of
the system, the signs of which are head
ache, pains in the back & limbs, calves of
the legs, cold feet, a liability to take cold, tran-
sient symptoms of diabetes mellitus and
aqueous, irregular and intermitting pulse,
low spirits, and great irritability of temper.
~~all~~ These ~~great~~ symptoms of a general dis-
ease are most conspicuous when it arises
from causes that act upon the whole
system. —

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~~Disordered~~ unstable in its Studies, and
pleasures? So is the stomach - especially
in its disordered state. Of this many pro-
might be mentioned. I shall mention
but one. A lady in Connecticut had a
aversion from cells - but during her
-nary no kind of Aliment was more
agreeable to her. ~~Therefore all these~~
~~facts and analogies, it would seem as~~
Did we admit with the ~~Stalarians~~ ^{must}, a
be composed of mind - ~~and the soul~~
~~belongs to our~~ ^{belongs to our} animal part, - we should admit
suppose the soul to be seated in the stom-
but the system of medicine ^{ch} I am to
-thing admits only of body and mind
and that mind to be seated only in the
brain. ~~From these facts and analogies it would~~
~~seem that~~ ~~therefore~~ I shall not in
this place apply these facts, and

effects upon the stomach, and by a waste of the saliva.

Excess in the use of acid drinks, condiments and stimulents. Lemonade, punch, pickles and Sour Cress are a frequent cause of it in Pennsylvania. The last produces it among our German Citizens.

7 Frequent repetition with gross food.
& Swallowing food without masticating it sufficiently.

8 Frequent repetition with hot & cold liquors. They act by overdistending the stomach, as well as by their stimulating & sedative qualities. I once saw a fatal case of

Dyspepsia and Tympany brought on by drinking large quantities of cold ^{water} at a time & ~~and I have known a most~~

~~distressing case of the process induced by~~

~~the practice~~ The Cold Water is most injurious when taken upon an empty

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Stomach before breakfast, and just before going to bed.

10 The excessive use of Sugar. I have met with an instance of it in a Grocer brought on by tasting 40, or 50 Samples of Sugar in a day. Dr Hoffman relates a Case of this kind from the excessive use of Sugar in Diet.

11 Rapid ascent vegetable food. This is a frequent Cause of Dyspepsia among the poor people in Scotland. The heart burn and water brash are more frequently induced by this cause than than ^{any} other.

12 The excessive use of animal food. These two ~~clases~~ ^{clases} of Aliment when taken by themselves indispose the stomach to digest each other, for when the stomach has been long accustomed to a vegetable Diet it is unable to digest animal food in consequence of the gastric juice partaking of the mild

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quality of the nourishment from which it is formed. In this respect the stomach becomes assimilated to the stomachs of ~~granivorous~~ and herbivorous animals that are unable to digest animal food. On the contrary a diet consisting of exclusively of animal food provokes the same inability in the stomach to digest vegetable food, and ^{this,} from the gastric juice which is secreted from it placing the stomach upon a footing with with the stomachs of ~~granivorous~~ ^{car}nivorous animals.

13 Worms or bile lodged in the stomach.
 14 The frequent use of emetics & cathartic medicines.

15 The habitual use of nitre. Of this I have known many instances.

16 Obstructions and enlargement of the liver,

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and pancreas & omentum
and Spleen which act by pressure upon the
Stomach. 17 Introverted ensiform Cartilage.

I said formerly that the disease when
induced by these direct causes is often local.
Few people pass this life without being more
or less affected with it. It is compared with
Dyspepsia from causes that act upon the
whole system, what a ~~too~~ common cough
is to a pulmonary Consumption. ~~the~~

II The Causes which act indirectly upon
the Stomach thro' the medium of the whole
system ~~and~~ divide themselves into two classes
~~an indolent life.~~

1 Such as act upon the body. These
are 1st, an indolent life.

(2) Lazing, (3) pregnancy. (4) The suppression
of habitual sweats of the feet. a case of Dysp-
=sia from this case is mentioned by Dr

V Dr Thomas Clark tells us that in nearly every case of diseased liver he saw in India, he observed the stomach to be affected. A paroxysm of disease from gall stones seldom fails of inducing disease in the stomach. The ^{disease is} ~~sympathy~~ both these cases is from sympathy, & not from prepuce as was noticed in speaking of its Direct Causes.

Deer.

5 a moist and cold atmosphere.

(6) Offensive lights and odors.

(7) ~~Various~~ ^{Every} ~~from~~ nearly all kinds.

(8) Diseases and Disorders in the head, ^{liver,} ~~the~~ ^{connection} kidneys & Uterus. ~~on~~ ^{The} ~~causes~~ ^{of} the ~~causes~~ ^{with}

Some of the symptoms of Dyspepsia in

~~the~~ ^{the} ~~head~~ ^{ach is} ~~and~~ so generally admitted that we

call ~~it~~ ^{it} one of the forms of sickness

at stomach "ick head ach." A vomiting

from a stone in the kidneys is nearly

universal, & breeding sickness we know is

induced by sympathy of the stomach with

the disease of Conception. But ^{most of} ~~other~~ ^{disorders}

~~fatigues~~ ^{fatigues} of the Uterus besides Conception in:

- True a deranged state of the stomach. I once

saw a fatal Schismus of the Uterus bring

on death by a constant puking of dark

+ 2000 Gold.

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continued till for three days.⁷

9 Great pain.

2 The Causes which act upon the stomach in inducing Dyspepsia thro' the medium of the mind are

1 Intense Study especially after eating, and with the body bent forwards. hence it has been called "morbus Studiosorum."

2 Grief, fear, distress, and vexation from all these causes.

You will perceive at Once Gent.² that many of the Causes which produce Dyspepsia are the same as those which produce Gout, Gouty, palsy and Apoplexy. It will be very natural therefore for you to inquire, why they produce Dyspepsia, and not the above diseases? To this Question I answer, that the Systems in which those diseases appear, are not predisposed to them, and

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that the Stomach from innate, or acquired debility labours under ^{such a degree of} indigestion as to absorb all the morbid consumptions in the System to itself, and thus a local disease is produced which is either altogether local, or if Sympathy exists between ^{it and} other parts of the body, it is so feeble & transient as not to acquire the full character of any of the above Diseases.

It is worthy of notice that while the whole System ^{generally} sympathizes with Dyspepsia ~~cannot frequently~~ when it is brought on indirectly by Causes that act upon the whole body and the mind, yet we ^{often} ~~cannot then~~ see the whole body affected where it arises

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Wholly from causes that act directly upon the stomach. —

The Remedies for Dyspepsia are

I Palliative and
II Radical.

The first consist of such Remedies as are calculated to relieve the distressing symptoms of the disease. I shall mention the most prominent of them, and then take notice of their remedies. They are ^{Heart burn from} Acidity, Flatulency, ^{after eating} Dyspepsia, Anorexia or want of Appetite, Gastrodynia, or a painful Spasm in the stomach and the Cardialgia Spontanea, or water brash.

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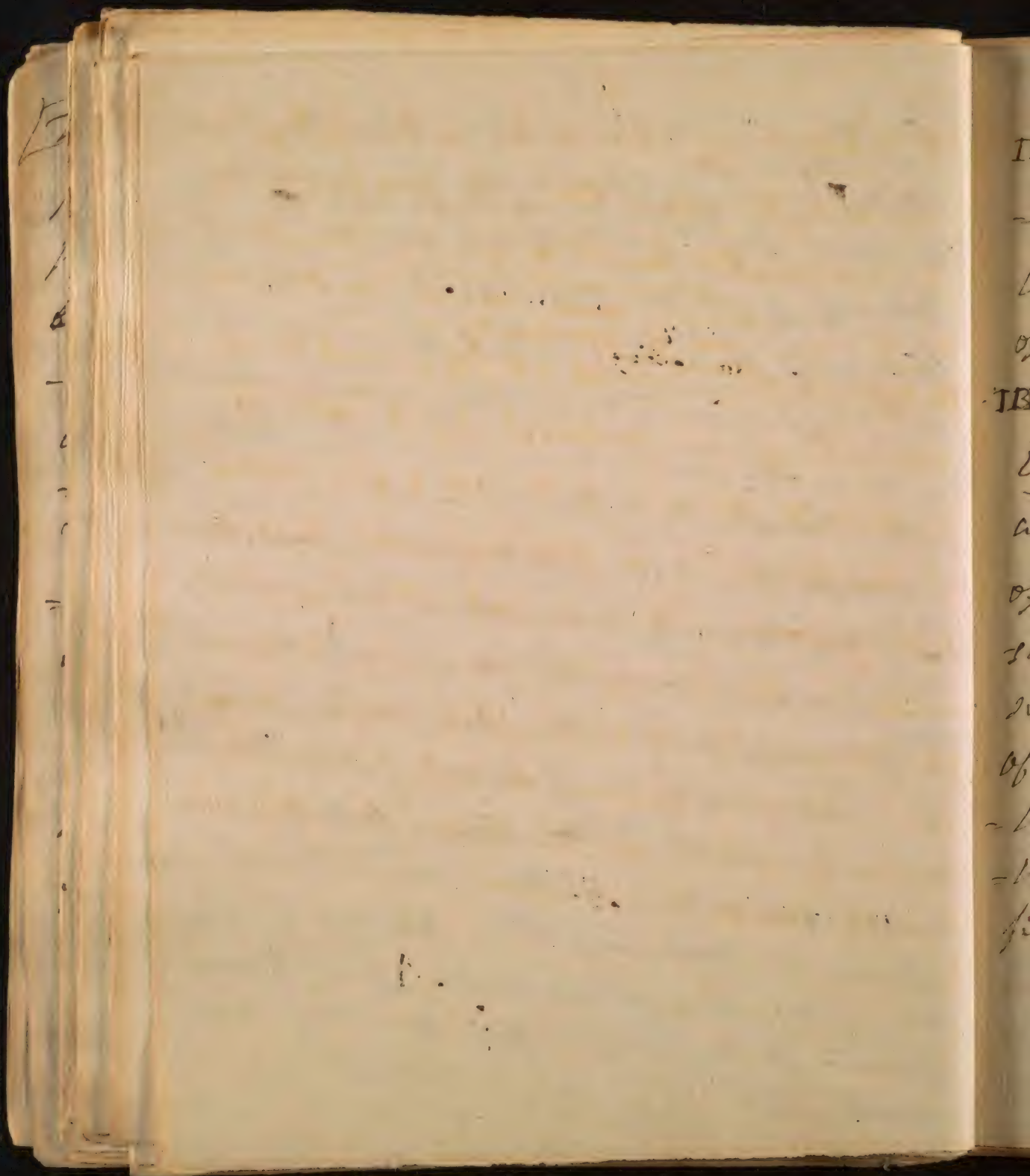
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The 1st consists of such remedies as are calculated
 to relieve the distressing symptoms of the disease.
~~I shall not repeat them.~~
~~of heat in the stomach~~ ^{at least brown fever, Aridity}
 I ~~believe~~ ^{suppose} is supposed to be effect of the vegeta-
 -ble part of the Aliment undergoing the
 acuous fermentation in the stomach. But
 there is good reason to believe it is the effect
 of a morbid secretion of the gastric liquor
 by which a strong acid quality is imparted
 to it. This is rendered probable by its being
 thrown up from the stomach when no
 vegetable or asscent Aliment has been
 previously taken into it, and by its being
 of a more acid and corrosive nature than
 the vegetable acid, so much so as to inflame
 the throat, and set the teeth on edge (as it
 is called) in passing over them. The
 Remedies for it are - ^{the alkaline salts -} magnesia -
 Soda water -

15 In this itz who is afflicted with this
Disease from Gout who can ^{eat} ~~constrain~~
= berries with Cream, but cannot bear
them alone, nor with Skimmed milk.
The Cream chents the Acid of both his
Stomach and the Strawberry berries.

V In favor of the last of these medicines viz
Charcoal, I would remark that ^{it}
Stomach Complaints ^{caused by} ~~these~~
= ~~not~~ in dogs & fowls. — In the latter ~~said~~ ^{the term}
~~the term~~ pip is ~~used~~ used to express them.

Chalk - lime water & calcined Oyster shells,
 Calamine in powder - the fine powder
 of Brick dust ^{& powder of charcoal} all of which act by
 obstruding, or enveloping the acid of the
 Stomach so as to prevent its acting upon
 it. The sensation most commonly induced
 by it in the Stomach is what has been
 called improperly "heart burn". The acid
 2 with Black inners milk. ~~This acts~~
 by of the Stomach decomposes the milk,
 and from its containing its oily, as well
 as its cheesy parts, the acid is blunted by
 its Union with it. I know a Gentleman
 3 The Mineral Acids. These act by inducing
 a stronger action in the Stomach, than
 its morbid acid, and thus destroy it. The
 muriatic and nitric Acids have been
 found to be very useful for this pur-
 -pose. —



If Flatulency should be relieved by gin-
-ger or Peppermint tea - A few drops of
St. Spirit

Camphorated Spirit of Wine - the Spirit
of Turpentine - and Liqueur Tonicum,
and a draught of cold water.

of suspension of cold water.
and a draught of ^{distilling} water.
III Opopon - riches at Hornsby and
in taking

THE Opiation - remedy
Vomiting are relieved by taking
 a small opium pill, or a few drops
 of Laudanum a few minutes before
 sitting down to a meal. Dr Whist first
 suggested the use of this remedy. I have
 often prescribed it with advantage. It con-
 tributed very much to relieve this dis-
 tressing symptom in the late Dr Priestley who
 finally died of this disease.

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2 Taking but a small quantity of food at a time, and that five or six a day instead of but two or three times in the four and twenty hours, also in the night, as well as during the day. The stomach should never be full, nor empty. Like an idle school boy, when not employed, it seldom fails to do mischief in consequence of the debility induced by the absence of stimuli. I have sometimes advised patients ~~and~~ afflicted with this Dyspepsia ^{not only} to place food by their bedside, but to carry it from home with them in a tobacco box if it ^{be} food of an animal ~~food~~ nature. Ginger bread ~~which~~ are useful to obviate flatulency from indigestion may be carried in the pocket.

Vs By avoiding drink with food. ~~This~~
~~prescription~~ ^{It} acts in three ways. 1. It
disposes the Aliment to the actions per-
=mentation. 2 It & elevates it from the
bottom of the Stomach, and thus removes
it from the Action of the gastric fermen-
upon it, & 3^{ly} it disposes the food by
thus elevating it to pass into the Duode-
=num before the process of Digestion is
Completed upon it.

6 By rubbing the stomach gently after
every meal, or compressing it with a
tight roller, or waistcoat after every
meal, or applying a bladder to it with water heated
from 110 to 120°.

Quest. 7. Fasting. This should be continued for
24 hours or longer to be useful. It is
most proper in local Dyspepsia.
& allowing a teaspoonful of common
Salt, or a few grains of pepper after every
meal.

3 By taking food only in a recumbent posture. Mineral waters are often retained ^{only} when taken in this way. Breeding Women seldom Sicken or puke until they leave their beds in the morning. Sea Sickness is mitigated, or prevented by a recumbent posture of the body. Persons who are obliged to take Aliment in this way, should not leave their beds for several hours afterwards.

4 By taking but one kind of Aliment at a time & I gave my reasons for this Advice in our Therapeutics!

IV. Anorexia, or the Want of Appetite

is relieved

1 By stimulating proposing a number of different Aliments ~~into~~ to the Patient. The appetite will sometimes suddenly

✓ This sickness was prevented ^{in Mr Wilson this companion} only
by their leaving the cabin as soon
as the victuals came upon table,
and eating upon deck. Cold food should
be preferred in such cases from its
emitting no smell. —

vibrate with one of them.

2 By never permitting a patient to smell the food he is to eat while it is cooking. ~~the~~ Its effluvia often destroy the appetite. This ~~is~~ is happily described by Mr. Wilson in his poetical account of his passage ^{with} across the Lake Ontario on his way to Niagara.

" Soon as the Savoury Steam their nose
= trials gain.

" They then leave & stagger down again."

3 By surprising the appetite by unexpected articles of food. Anticipation often destroys it.

4 By getting ^{best} a small quantity of food at a time before a patient. Nurses always eat most ^{best} when ^{best} a small quantity of it is put into their racks at a time.



5 An Antic of Diet unexpectedly met
by a neighbour or friend has often been
eaten with pleasure, when a patient re-
jects every thing cooked in his own
kitchen. The appetite is not only
suddenly awakened by surprise, but
by the cordial impression of unexpec-
-ted kindness, or friendship.

V Gastrodynia, or a Spasm in the Stomach
should be relieved by麝香 in doses of
Laudanum - or by hot water - or hot
peppermint ^{or pepper mint lozenges} of the ^{or} ~~peppermint~~ ^{Acute pains in}
other parts of the body may be relieved by
the use of Laudanum.

VI The Waterbrash is relieved by acids
and gentle Stimulants: It arises from
an inverted action of the Stomach and
Oesophagus.



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11 The radical remedies for this disease
 should be influenced by the state of the stomach
 and of the whole system. Unfortunately, bilious
 and Dyspepsia are as much associated in
 the minds of physicians as bark and the
 intermitting fever, but in the recent, &
 active state they, together with all other
 Stimulants are hurtful. ~~It is~~ I believe
 this disease is often ushered in with ~~pain~~
 inflammation. We do not suspect it, be-
 -cause inflammation in the ~~stomach~~
 is not indicated by pain, except it be ac-
 -companied with spasm, but it is ^{often} ~~generally~~
 attended with heat, and ~~the~~ a synochal
 pulse, and these are as certain signs of ^{inflammation} ~~pain~~
 as pain. I have been so satisfied that

✓ In the latter, as well as in the former
~~to~~ ^{disease} ~~former~~ both cases it ~~is~~ often arises
from ~~that~~ a primary Affection of
the liver inducing ^{sympathetic} morbid commotions
in the stomach, and a disease in the
liver can seldom be removed without
bloodletting. In the month of July 1812 I
was the favoured instrument of ^{curing} ~~removing~~
this disease in the only son of a wealthy
farmer⁺ in Buck's Country, by this remedy,
~~he~~ ^{he} ~~aided by~~ ^{aided by} a few doses of Calomel. ~~After~~
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+ Ab. Masple

this is the case, that I have given ~~it~~^{it}
~~the~~ a name of Gastricula from its being a
 diminutive of Gastritis, or acute inflam-
 mation of the stomach. From this view
 of the disease you will not be surprised at
 my recommending to begin the cure by
 1 Bloodletting. I have used this remedy with
 success both in my public & private practice.
 - ~~It has the same~~ You have all seen ~~the~~^{its good}
 effects, of ~~this remedy~~ in checking the sickness,
 and vomiting, ~~and forcing~~ that take place in
 a bilious fever. - Why should it not ^{have} the same
 salutary effects in the acute state of Dyspepsia?
 It is from the neglect of this remedy in
 the early stage of this disease that we have so
 many cases of ~~a~~ chronic death from it.
 After the use of sufficient bleeding ~~the~~
 cure should be had

V They are most useful when the disease
is induced by a primary ~~to~~ affection of
the head.

2 to purges especially where constipation attends. They should be lenient, or active according to the state of the bowels and the pulse. The Butter nut pill is an excellent lenient purge in this disease.

If the disease be not sufficiently reduced by bleeding and purges, or if the pulse forbid those remedies, and require^d Depleting remedies of life force

3 vomits should be employed for this purpose. I have prescribed them with great advantage. They cleanse the stomach, and ^{prepare it for} ~~enable its possibility to~~ other medicines. ^v

with these remedies should be connected
4 a Diet consisting wholly of milk & vegetables. The stomach is often in the state of an inflamed eye that can bear no application to it but ~~with~~ the most emollient substances.



Even cold water gives it pain. Dr. Thurner
 cured a case of ^{Dyspepsia of} this kind by nothing but
 milk. He began by giving him a table
 spoonful of it at ~~the~~ time every two or three
 hours. ^{3℥ of potatoes to 4℔ of milk makes it sit more easily on} I have known it cured by a diet of
^{the stomach.} boiled tapioca, also by gum Arabic dissolved
^{in water} without the least mixture of any other
 aliment. Baked fruit particularly pears
 have been found useful in this state of the
 disease. These articles of diet should be given
 by weight and measure, nor should they be
 suddenly changed, for every new article ^{of aliment} he
 it ever simple, ~~as~~ carries with it the ^{of} ~~stomach~~
 -ness of novelty, and thus becomes offensive
 to the stomach.

After morbid action is reduced which
 may be known by the softness of the pulse,



3, and the cessation of sickness, vomiting, & pain, the Remedies should be of a stimulating nature. ~~They are these should be~~
~~They ~~to divide themselves~~ into medicines and diet and drinks. The first are~~
I vegetable. These consist of Bitter such
 as Camomile, Antury, Rue, Wormwood,
 Gentian, Columbo root, and Quassia. To
 these Dr Cullen has added bark. I cannot
 concur with the D^r in advising it, having
 generally found it hurtful, perhaps from
 the astringent, mixed with its bitter
 quality. 2 Aromatic and acid vegetables.
 These are Nutmegs, Zedoary, Camella Alba,
 Calamuses, ginger, Juniper & Cider ^{leaves} ~~leaves~~
 orange peel, black pepper, Aniseed, fennel
 seed, mustard, horseradish & garlic. They
 may be taken alone, or infused in water,
 Wine or Spirits, ^{Each of them} ~~if they should be~~ ~~both~~

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should be taken in Recupion & rotation.

It is a second class of Stimulating remedies? -
 be taken from the mineral Kingdom. These
 should be those of Vitriol, the Citric Acid, the
 Sulphate of Zinc, ~~the~~ Copper in small doses, &
 above all the different preparations of Iron.
 They lie most easily upon the stomach when
 combined with an aromatic vegetable. I
 have generally preferred Ginger for this pur-
 -pose. A decoction of Sulphate of Iron prepared by
 adding a little Sulphuric Acid to a solution
 of the Sulphate of Iron in water has been
 found to be very useful in this state of
 Dyspepsia. It may be thus prepared Sulp:
 of Iron ℥i water ℥i Sulp: Acid ℥ij. a teaspoon-
 -ful of it may be taken three times a day
 in a little bitter tea of any kind.

V ~~except where~~ Chrevlate and Son chong
tea are sometimes acceptable to the
stomach. When this is the case they
may be taken sparingly with solid
Aliment.

W. Salted fish, and ~~into~~ the lean of salt=
meat have alone performed cures of
this disease. They ~~remain~~ lie longer in
the stomach than fresh fish, or fresh
meat, and thereby impart more tone
to it.

111 The Diet proper in this state of Dyspepsia?
 consist of solid animal food. Wild fowl, venison
 & fish should be preferred to Domestic animals,
 and beef and mutton to full grown poultry,
 lamb, Veal and Chickens. They should be
 kept until they are tender, & they should be
 thoroughly done before they are eaten. Oysters
 and soft boiled ^{salted meat, and salted} eggs are often digested, when no
 other food will lie on the stomach. ^{It} They
 may be taken warm or cold at the plea-
 -sure of the patient. ^{Hyson} Tea, Coffee, broths, grm-
 -el and liquid food of all kinds should not
 be tasted. Biscuit and the Crusts of bread, ~~as~~
^{and} at ~~first~~ roasted potatoes are the only
 vegetables that should be taken with the
 above articles. The biscuit & bread will lie
 most easily upon the stomach after being



toasted until their surface is of a black color. It is commoner to forbid butter in this state of Dyspepsia, but when fresh, I have not found it hurtful. It ~~is~~ enables the stomach to retain and digest fish, better than any other Condiment.

IV The drinks in this disease should be simple water when the stomach will retain it. Toast tea will sometimes lie on the stomach when simple water will not. Dr Drake of Cincinnati tells me that he found well water better received ~~by~~ ^{by} the stomach in Dyspepsia than river water. It ascribes it to its containing a solution of some earthy or metallic salt in it which renders it more tonic. Where these are rejected soda or salt water should be tried, also infusion of the bitter and aromatic ^{particularly ginger} herbs & seeds formerly

✓ The Ginger has been found very
useful taken for breakfast in the
evening with Cream & Sugar. It
has ruined the Stamp of Value from
having been useful to Sir J. Banks.

15 mentioned, in water. Where water in none
 of these forms can be retained, port^{or} ~~all~~
 should be taken alone or diluted with
 water. If these be rejected old Madeira or
 they should be tried, or Charet or port,
 for the two latter I sometimes like better
 on the stomach than the two former,
 from their containing less fermentible
 matter in them. A drink prepared of the
 citric acid ~~by~~ ^{of} old spirit of any kind ^{is} wa:
 -ter ~~by~~ and as much sugar or honey as
 will make it pleasant is very acceptable
 to the stomach. Brandy ^{I know is a} ~~water~~ ^{the popular}
 Drink in this disease ^{but it} should be resorted to
 with great caution. ^{Many} people have
 been lost by taking this ^{it} ~~drink~~ as a medi:
 -cine. When prescribed it should be in



small quantities & only for a short time. You will recollect these drinks should be avoided, or ~~being~~ taken sparingly with the food of our patients & for reasons formerly given.

There are several other auxiliary remedies which have been found useful in this disease. They are

✓ Exercise with the arms, with the lungs, and riding on horseback. Rowing, pumping sawing wood, playing shuttle cock, the use of dumb bells, or instead of them two flat irons swung backwards & forward by the hands. - Albus commends reading aloud in this disease. It acts as a general ^{& local} stimulant, ~~and so~~ in the latter way by the sympathy of the lungs with the stomach. —
 ✓ the Cold Bath. The water should be poured

V This Utility is suggested by instantaneous
~~discrete~~ eruptions & gout ~~of~~ in the
limbs often affording immediate relief

VIII. If all the above remedies fail
recourse must be had to a Salivation.
I have employed this remedy with
great success in several cases. It is
more particularly indicated if the disease
be induced by visceral obstructions that
act directly, or by Sympathy upon
the Stomach.

upon the head, the back & the region of the stomach.

ver. ~~to~~ blister to the pit of the stomach.

This remedy is highly commended by Dr Darwin. ^{trinitis.} Blisters are likewise useful to the ^{stomach} ~~st~~.

~~IX~~ ^{IX} Great care should be taken to avoid all its remote and existing causes, particularly by an Aliment offensive the stomach, and cold and wet feet, and to remove those ~~the~~ diseases in every part of the body that either create or increase it.

This disease terminates fatally in the following ways. 1 by such a torpor in the stomach as to permit food to pass unchewed out of it into the bowels. It should be called a palsy of the stomach.

2 by a Schismus in the stomach or pylorus

is accompanied
✓ This inflammation with immense
thirst, and disgust with every kind
of drink but cold water.

Indicated by the pulse, that is
an undue determination of blood to
the brain.

3 by a Cancer in the same parts.

4 by acute inflammation of the stomach, and a coffee coloured or black vomiting.

5 by Aphthae which extend from the stomach to the fauces and mouth. I never saw a recovery after an Aphthous sore mouth took place in this disease. —

6 by a Swelling of the feet and legs. I have never seen a recovery after this symptom. It preceded the death of the celebrated Priestley who died of Dyspepsia.

~~The Dyspepsia I shall now make a few remarks upon ^{particular} this disease when it arises~~

There are several remedies which are proper in this disease when it arises from sailing. These are — 1. Bleeding, this is

2. Purges. Afterwards 3. Laudanum. 4. Raising the stomach by a bandage round the whole body.

V As the disease is induced by the sudden
descent of a vessel from a wave downwards
throwing ~~it~~ too much blood to the head,
this position of the body prevents it.

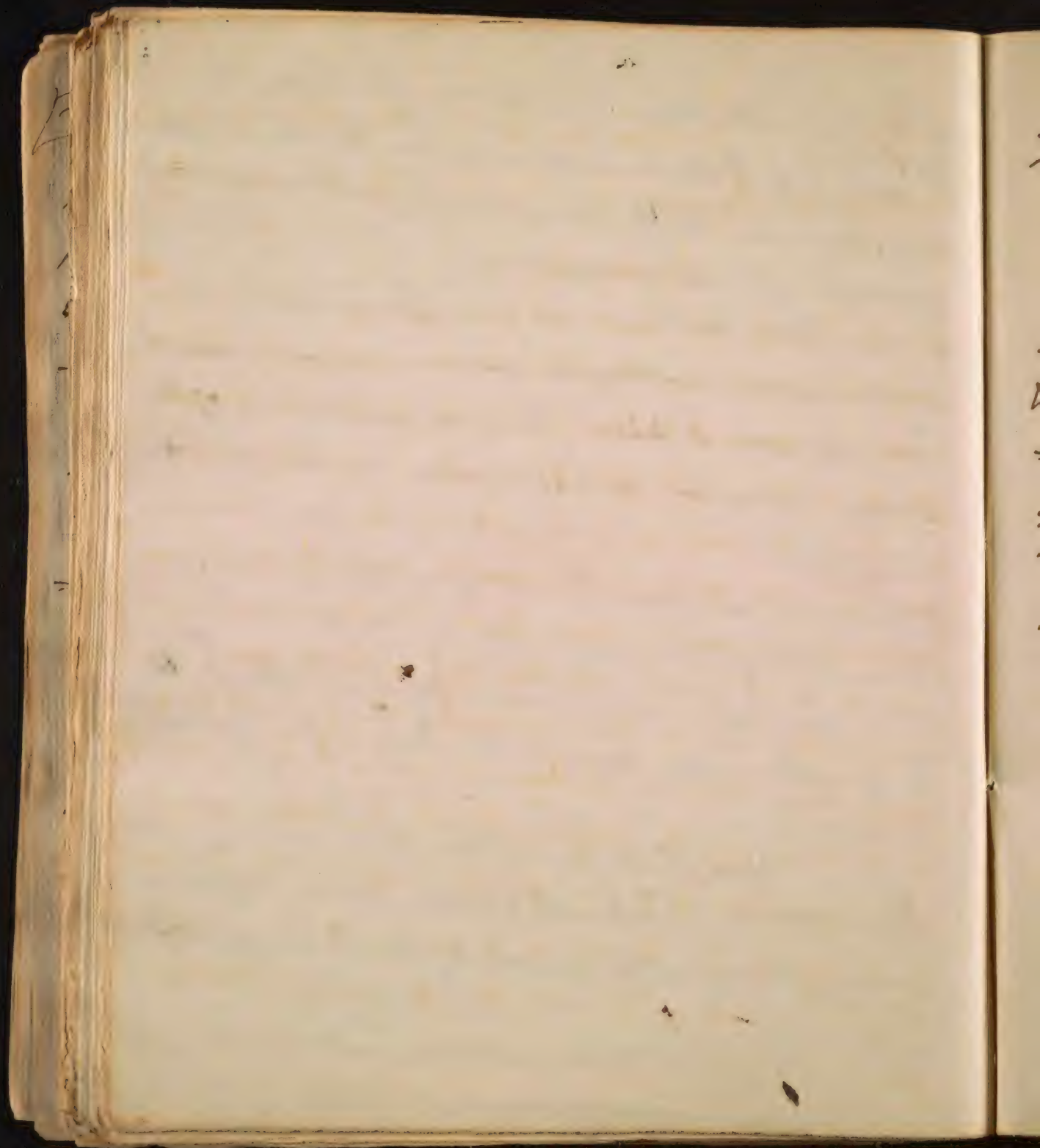
7
 5 Lying with the head below the heels. ✓
 6 Eating a little and often, so as never to suffer
 the Stomach to be empty. Gingerbread is very
 grateful for this purpose.

7 The Cold Bath. A wave or spray of the sea
 accidentally wetting a person who is seasick
 has afforded sudden ^{relief} and a repetition of the
 same affusion of salt water by design has
 cured it.

8 Terror. I have heard of a cure being per-
 -formed by this remedy. —

It has been prevented by bleeding, ^{also}
 by a gentle purge taken the day before going
 to sea. —

I ~~have~~ shall mention the remedies for
 Dyspepsia when it arises from pregnancy
 when I come to treat of the Diseases of
 women.



There is a disease seated in the stomach, the reverse of Dyspepsia known by the name of

Bulimia

in which the food so far from not being well received in the stomach, or easily digested is received with voracity, and in large quantities, and digested with a rapidity that renders a constant supply of Aliment necessary for the relief of the patient for the most distressing disease of hunger. Patients seldom acquire fat or flesh from all they eat. I have seen it its worst form in lean people. The quantity of food they take in a day is from 6, to 12 pounds, and that of the grossest kind. In other respects they appear to enjoy good health. The disease appears to be local, and seems to arise from an ^{morbid} increase of the dissolving power of the gastric juice.



The Remedies for it shoud be Aliments of
 all kinds that are difficult of digestion.
 These shoud be Vegetable & Animal. The
 former shoud be half boiled potatoes,
 Carrots and parsnips, - half baked bread, or
 bread made of unbolted meal, with these
 shoud be taken roasted, or boiled, or raw
 meat, Sausage, or the fat of pork or beef.
 Sweet Oil taken three or four times a day, &
 the Chewing of Tobacco, ^{have been useful.} ~~also large portions~~
 of Oyster shells, or of bricks promise benefit
 in this disease ~~The oil and tobacco have~~
 by obtunding the gastric juice and wearing
 down the action of the stomach without
 conveying Aliment into the system.

